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REPORT
ON THE
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
OF
THE TIPPERA STATE

FOR THE YEAR

1328 T. E.

(1918—19 A.D.)



AGARTALA.

PRINTED AT THE STATE PRESS.

1329 T. E.

RESOLUTION
ON THE
Administration Report of the State,
FOR THE YEAR 1328 T. E.
(CORRESPONDING TO 1918-19 A. D.)

Read the Report on the General Administration of the State and the attached Zemindaries for the year 1328 T. E., dated the 6th August, 1919, as submitted by Rai Prasanna Kumar Das Gupta Bahadur B. A., Chief Dewan of the State, under cover of his letter of the 31st August, 1919.

The war and the people. The devastating world-war ended at last during the year under report in a glorious vindication of the allied cause, though its disturbing influences continued to manifest themselves in every sphere of life. The money market was more unsettled than ever and a limited supply of commodities with exorbitant prices was the order of things all round. In the State there were abundant harvests of rice, but high prices kept on owing to extensive and unrestricted exports to British India. This had no doubt the effect of partially relieving the cultivator of the soil, but the pinch of the situation was bitterly felt by the landless middle and labouring classes; while the prevalence of epidemic diseases in all their virulence, added to the trouble and embarrassment of the people.

The finances of the year. As it was, the better ability of the tenantry to pay their dues resulted in augmented receipts both in the State and the attached Zemindaries, the total amounting to Rs. 22,01,388 against Rs. 19,39,942 of the previous year, and Rs. 19,72,519 the quinquennial average. With an opening balance of Rs. 8,09,132, refunds, deposits, and law-charges recovered in the Zemindaries, the amount available for expenditure stood at Rs. 31,29,429 against Rs. 28,22,405, while the aggregate expenditure was Rs. 22,72,996 against Rs. 20,13,273. The closing balance was thus Rs. 8,56,433 against Rs. 8,09,132 of which Rs. 2,76,219 was in cash against Rs. 1,29,209, and Rs. 5,80,214 in bonds and advances against Rs. 6,79,923. Rs. 70,413 out of the advances issued during the year represents expenditure finally debitable to certain heads.

The collections in the State. As compared with the previous year, there was a net increase of Rs. 1,77,507 in the collections of the State. The gross receipts came up to Rs. 12,16,926 against Rs. 10,39,419 of the year before, and Rs. 10,47,334

the average for the past five years ; out of which land revenue contributed Rs. 4,29,760 against Rs. 3,32,239 and the realisations from forests, Rs. 3,78,901 against Rs. 3,80,243. A slight improvement was noticeable in the percentage of land revenue collection, which nevertheless, His Highness the Maharaja is inclined to consider as below the mark, while the special report received on the subject does not clearly indicate the cause. The land revenue collections of the year was however ahead of the previous year's figure by as much as Rs. 97,521, and to that extent may be regarded as satisfactory.

Survey and Settlement.

Survey and settlement operations made fair progress, and there were 10 tea settlements during the year, with 7 more sanctioned since its close. The new gardens call for, in His Highness's opinion, constant attention at this initial stage, as on their success must greatly depend the future of the development of the industry in the State.

Crime and Police.

The number of cases reported to the police fell from 1243 to 1090 during the year, in consequence, it may be agreed, of the prevalence of epidemics. The percentage of conviction was 83.26 against 79.61 of the previous year and that of the recovery of stolen property 44.19 against 33.1.

Administration of justice.

The total number of original criminal cases instituted during the year was 1271 against 1443, and that of civil cases 1779 against 1786. The number of disposals during the year stood at 1229 and 1765 respectively, against 1455 and 1778, while the average duration of civil suits was 3 months and 10 days against 3 months 2 days in 1327 T. E. The percentage of conviction in criminal cases was 54.29 against 57.85, and that of judgments affirmed in appeal, 65.03 against 68.05 in criminal cases, and 68.26 against 65.62 in civil suits. There were 10 sessions cases only all of which were disposed of during the year. 155 criminal and 134 civil appeals were filed during the year under report, and the number of disposals stood at 148 and 127 respectively, against 152 and 121.

Education.

There was also a slight falling off during the year in the total number of school-going children as well as in that of the non-Bengalee section of the community. The figures are 5672 against 5908, and 1435 against 1542, respectively. The decline is ascribed in the Report to the prevalence of epidemic diseases in the State. The total number of schools rose from 137 to 140, inclusive of 3 recognised High English Schools and two feeders with a total of 925 students on the rolls against 855. Thirtythree teachers sat at the Guru Training Examination of whom only 8 came out successful.

The abnormal economic conditions of the year together with a dearth of materials, seriously handicapped the Public Works Department of the State. The great earthquake of July, moreover, caused considerable damages to many important buildings and added to the difficulty. The result was that no original works on any comprehensive scale could be undertaken. His Highness hopes that with the end of the world-war better times

will come on and that it will be possible in future to devote more funds to this all-important branch of the Administration.

As His Highness has had occasion to remark, however, more than once, the great task of the opening out of the country and of the development of the resources of the State must needs depend mainly upon the hearty and active co-operation of all officers, and although the Report under review is a record of good work done in the face of serious difficulties, evidence is not wanting in it—His Highness is constrained to think—of casual laxity leading to delay in disposals and insufficient touring. The Maharaja hopes that it would be thoroughly impressed upon all concerned, that His Highness expects better activity on the part of his officers, and a much better state of things generally, in future, with the changed conditions, that, in the prospect of lasting peace, the State in common with other parts of the Empire, now eagerly looks forward to.

ORDERED

THAT A COPY OF THIS RESOLUTION BE SENT TO THE CHIEF DEWAN OF THE STATE FOR INFORMATION AND FAVOUR OF NECESSARY ACTION.

DATED, AGARTALA,
The 1st September, 1919. }

By order of His Highness the Maharaja,

B. H. Sen,
Chief Secretary.

Dated, Agartala, the 31st August, 1919.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I have the honour to submit the accompanying Report on the General Administration of the State and the attached Zemindaries for the year 1328 T.E., extending from the 14th April 1918 to the 13th April 1919.

I have the honour to be,
YOUR HIGHNESS'S
Most obedient servant,

P. K. Das Gupta,

Chief Dewan.

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REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE TIPPERA STATE FOR 1328 T. E. (1918-19.)

CHAPTER I—GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

Area of the State—4,116 sq. miles.

Population—2,29,613.

Gross Revenue (based on the average of the previous five years) :—

(a) State	Rs. 10,47,334.
(b) Zemindaries	Rs. 9,25,185.

Tribute—Nil.

Ruler of the State—His Highness The Bisama-Samara-Bijayee Mahamahodaya Pancha-Srijukta Maharaja Manikya Birendrakishore Dev Barman Bahadur. Age—36 years. Caste—Kshatriya (of the Lunar race).

Heir—Sri-la Srijukta BirBikramkishore Dev Barman, Jubaraj Goswami Bahadur.

1. The world passed a sigh of relief on the cessation of hostilities after 4 years of an agonizing war. The world-peace was in prospect and a reconstruction of the world's civilization was exercising the public mind. The unsettled state of the market continued with high prices of food-stuffs and all commodities.

2. It was a satisfactory agricultural year and the market for the local crops underwent a complete change. The prices of paddy and other food-stuffs went up very high due to scarcity in the neighbouring British Districts. There were large exports from this territory. This improved the material condition of the cultivating classes, while it increased the difficulties of the purchasing middle classes and the landless labourers. The better ability of the tenants to pay their dues, augmented the receipts by over 2 lacs during the year.

3. His Highness the Maharaja, the Jubaraj Bahadur and some of the Maharanis passed through severe illness during the year and their recovery was the occasion of general thanks-giving and rejoicings throughout the territories and His Highness's Zemindaries.

4. His Highness left for Delhi on the 15th October with the intention of attending the Conference of Ruling Chiefs and Princes which was to be held on the 5th November. But on account of an out-break of influenza in Delhi, the conference was postponed indefinitely. After a few days' halt in Calcutta, His Highness returned to the capital on the 28th October.

5. Rai P. K. Das Gupta Bahadur continued to administer the State and the Zemindaries throughout the year with the exception of $2\frac{1}{2}$ months when he was on leave and Dewan Bijoy Kumar Sen and after him, Dewan A. C. Chaudhuri was in charge of the Chief Dewan's Office.

6. Mr. J. Bartley of the Indian Civil Service continued as the Political Agent. Political Agent.

7. The following war gifts were made during the year :—

War Gifts

(1) Annual War contribution	...	...	...	Rs. 15,000
(2) Lump sum contribution for the War	...	...	...	Rs. 1,00,000
(3) Bengalee Battalion Patriotic Fund	...	...	...	Rs. 180
(4) St. Dunstan's Day Fund...	...	...	...	Rs. 125
(5) Uniform for recruits	...	...	...	Rs. 1,968*

8. The Chief Dewan could not undertake any extensive tours on account of the serious illness of His Highness and other members of the Raj family and his own illness. The fact that he was on leave for $2\frac{1}{2}$ months also accounts for the short touring. He was out for 27 days only during the year under review.

CHAPTER II—LAND ADMINISTRATION.

9. It will be seen from the details below that the total area held under settlement at the close of the year was 453 square miles as against 452 square miles of the previous year. The decrease in the area of *taluki* land is principally due to the purchase by the State of three defaulting *taluks* in sales for arrears of revenue.

Kinds of settlement.	Area in square miles.		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	1328 T.E.	1327 T.E.			
<i>Jotes</i> ...	228	221	7	—	Net increase one square mile.
<i>Taluks</i> ...	225	231	—	6	
Total ...	453	452	7	6	

10. During the year several applications for settlement of land for the purpose of tea cultivation came under consideration. In ten cases proposals for such settlement received His Highness's sanction. Four of these relate to the Sadar Division, four to Kailashahar, one to Khowai, and one to Dharmanagar. The *Nazarana* payable was Rs. 27,874 on an approximate aggregate area of 2,518 *drones* (about 16,000 acres) mainly consisting of waste *tila* lands. The total revenue secured by these leases amounted to Rs. 18,429 a year for the first period of 20 years. Besides these grants concession of tea cultivation was allowed to two existing *taluks* for a *nazar* of Rs. 1,826. At the end of the year the negotiations for ten other tea settlements in respect of over 2,000 *drones* of land were approaching completion. Since the close of the year His Highness's sanctions have been obtained for seven of them.

The grants sanctioned up to date fetched a total *nazarana* of Rs. 55,030 and assured a prospective revenue of Rs. 35,851 a year.

11. The average *jama* per *kani* of *jote* land in *khas mehals* (exclusive of cesses) was *as.* 14 *p.* 4, against *as.* 14 *p.* 5 in the previous year, while the rate in *taluks* was *as.* 3 *p.* 4 against *as.* 4 *p.* 1 per *kani*. The maximum rate for *jotes* was Rs. 5 *as.* 14 *p.* 6 per *kani*, while the minimum remained *as.* 4. The *taluki* rates varied from Rs. 1-1-0 to *as.* 2 per *kani* as before.

12. The different sources of land revenue demand are detailed below :—

Sources.	1328 T.E.	1327 T.E.
<i>Taluks</i>	Rs. 87,640	Rs. 94,458
<i>Khasmehal jotes</i>	" 3,26,728	" 3,18,161
<i>Bazars</i>	" 7,228	" 7,181
<i>Cesses</i>	" 25,967	" 25,939
Total	" 4,47,563	* " 4,45,739

13. From the above statement it will appear that the total current demand was Rs. 4,47,563 against Rs. 4,45,739 the net increase being Rs. 1,824. Owing to purchase of some *taluks* in sales for arrears of revenue, the demand in respect of *taluks* fell off by Rs. 6,818. There was an increase of Rs. 8,567 due to new settlements and re-settlement operation as well as to assessment on settled land on expiry of the rent-free period. The arrear demand was Rs. 6,37,087. Thus the gross land revenue demand came up to Rs. 10,84,650 against Rs. 9,72,857 of the previous year. A sum of Rs. 1,122 out of arrears was written off during the year.

14. The total collection under this head amounted to Rs. 4,28,761 against Rs. 3,38,073 of the preceding year. The realisation from the current year's demand was Rs. 2,32,164 or 51·87 per cent and that from the arrear demand was Rs. 1,96,597 or 30·86 per cent. In the preceding year 46·42 per cent of the current and 24·88 per cent of the arrear demand were collected. It may be observed that the total collection this year equalled to 95·8 per cent of current year's demand, against 75·85 per cent of the previous year. The improvement in the collection was mainly due to the change in the economic condition of the tenants created by the rise in price of agricultural produces, added to a fair outturn. Though the above result showed that the systematic decline in the percentage of collection from year to year was arrested by a rise therein, yet the fact remained that the arrear demand was still swelling and the percentage of collection itself did not get back to the former standard. It is known that there is a substantial and growing portion of the demand which is fictitious, and this may explain for the apparently low percentage of collection caused by the inflated demand. An enquiry was in progress to ascertain how far this and other causes affected the position.

15. There were as many as 8,376 certificate cases covering a demand of Rs. 2,87,515, of which Rs. 64,605 or 22·47 per cent was realised. The number of cases disposed of during the year was 3,812 or 45·4 per cent. Of these 6,027 were for realisation of land revenue amounting to Rs. 2,07,781 as against 4,616 cases for Rs. 1,54,853 of the previous year. The revenue realised by this procedure was Rs. 54,339 or 26·1 per cent against Rs. 54,818 or 29·17 per cent. The number of defaulting *taluks* put up for sale under Sun-set law (including 10 pending from previous year) was 138. Of these 86 were released on payment of dues, with penalty imposed, while 29 *taluks* were sold to recover the demand. There were 23 cases pending at the end of the year.

16. The results of the re-survey operations are detailed below.

Names of Divisions.	Quantity of land in <i>drones</i> surveyed in 1328 T. E.			Quantity of land in <i>drones</i> surveyed in 1327 T. E.			REMARKS.
	Taluki land.	Khas mehal land.	Total.	Taluki land.	Khas mehal land.	Total.	
1. Sadar Division ...	416	4,782	5,198	—	2,214	2,214	
2. Kailashahar " ...	376	—	376	28	24	52	
3. Sonamura " ...	20	65	85	—	350	350	
4. Bilania " ...	112	986	1,098	137	240	377	
5. Khawai " ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	
6. Dharmanagar " ...	394	298	692	—	212	212	
7. Udaipur " ...	—	24	24	—	302	302	
8. Sabroom " ...	120	167	287	—	—	—	
9. Kalyanpur Sub " ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	
10. Amarpur " " ...	—	78	78	—	—	—	
TOTAL ...	1,438	6,400	7,838	165	3,342	3,507	

17. A comparative statement of the results of settlement work carried on during the year will be found in the table below.

Nature of Settlement.	1328 T. E.		1327 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Area in <i>drones</i> .	Jama in whole rupees.	Area in <i>drones</i> .	Jama in whole rupees.	
1. Permanent <i>taluki</i> settlement of cultivated land ...	—	—	153	1,258	*Including 88 <i>drones</i> of cultivated land.
2. Permanent <i>taluki</i> settlement of waste land ...	—	—	—	—	
3. <i>Tashichi taluki</i> settlement of cultivated land ...	2	30	—	—	
4. <i>Tashichi taluki</i> settlement of waste land ...	2,564*	18,683	1,535	5,497	
5. <i>Jotedari</i> re-settlement of cultivated land ...	1,566	26,668	1,743	27,698	
6. <i>Jotedari</i> settlement of waste land ...	314	2,029	234	3,778	
TOTAL ...	4,446	47,410	3,665	38,231	

18. There was no permanent settlement of land, during the year.

Permanent settlement.

19. Three old *tashkhichi taluks* measuring 2 *drones* were re-settled on a slightly increased *jama*. In the capital town *Tashkhichi* settlement, three *tashkhichi taluks* were granted in respect of small plots on condition of erection of suitable buildings thereon. There was one ordinary *tashkhichi* grant for 46 *drones* in Udaypur Division. The total *nazar* derived from these leases was Rs. 342. The remaining *tashkhichi* grants appertained to tea settlements described before. In these cases *jama* secured was Rs. 8 per *drone* of waste land and the revenue made enhanceable every 20 years.

20. By the assessment of *jote* lands in *Khas mehal*, a net increase of Rs. 7,802 in the annual demand was obtained while *nazar* amounted to Rs. 16,239. The average rate per *kani* was Rs. 1-1 against *as.* 15 *p.* 10 of the previous year. In addition to the above there was re-assessment of 260 *drones* of trust property. This resulted in an enhancement of Rs. 1,014 in the annual rent, and in securing a *nazar* of Rs. 2,378.

21. The average *jama* per *kani* for *jotedari* settlement of waste land was *as.* 6½, the maximum and the minimum being Rs. 1-2 and *as.* 4 respectively. The premium realised was Rs 1,268.

22. The arrangement for carrying out survey and settlement operations during the year continued as before. There were separate survey and settlement officers for the Sadar and Belonia Divisions while in other Divisions the work was done by the Divisional Officers, who were empowered for the purpose.

23. The total expenditure incurred in the survey and settlement operations amounted to Rs 11,876 against Rs 12,380.

Expenditure

CHAPTER III—PROTECTION.

I. Legislation.

24.* There was no legislation during the year under review.

State Council.

25. The following important regulations were issued during the year :—

Important rules. 1. Registration and Control of immigrant coolies with special reference to tea gardens.

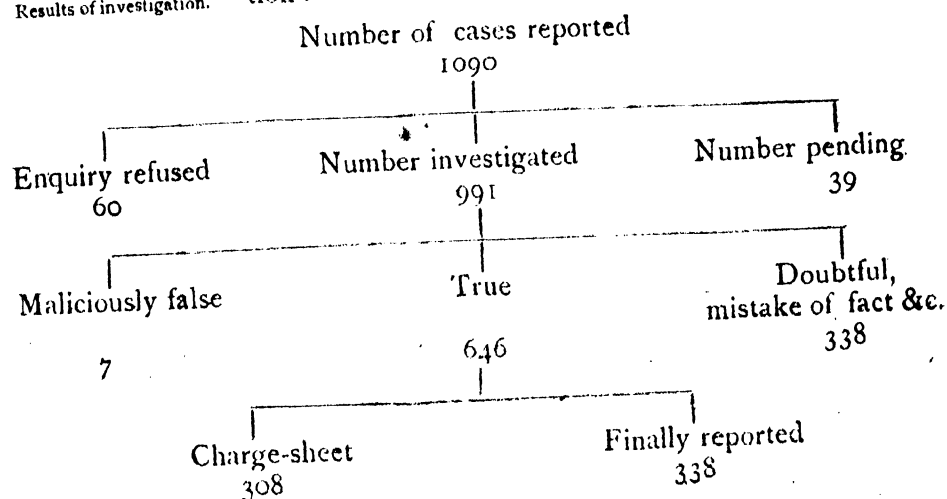
2. Rules regarding the exportation of tea and levy of a royalty on it.

II. Military.

26. Captain Kumar Nabin Kishore Deb Burman continued to hold charge of the State Military force.
 Charge.
27. The strength consisted of a Captain, one Lieutenant, one A. D. C., one Subedar-Major, one Subedar, 35 petty officers and 194 sepoy making a total of 234 against 257 in the previous year. There was besides a Band consisting of 16 men and a Band Master who is a retired British officer.
 Strength.
28. The men were usually employed on sentry and escort duty and furnished guards-of-honour on ceremonial occasions.
 Duty.
29. The cost of maintaining the force was Rs. 34,849 against Rs. 31,596 in the previous year.
 Expenditure.

III. Police.

30. Mr. Kamini Kumar Sinha, Superintendent of Police, continued to hold charge of the Police force during the year under review with the exception of 2 two months and 15 days when he was on leave and Inspector Mukunda Lal Goon was in charge.
 Charge.
31. The total number of officers and men was 350 against 342 in the previous year. The number of Inspectors was reduced to 5 from 7 and 10 constables were added during the year. There were also 5 temporary constables employed in guarding the Sadar Jail after the earthquake. The proportion of the Police force to population was 1 to 656 against 1 to 671, and that to area 1 to 11.67 sq. miles against 1 to 11.94 sq. miles in the previous year.
 Strength.
32. The number of cases reported to the Police was 1090 against 1243 in the previous year. The falling off seems to be due to prevailing epidemics.
 Crime.
33. The following statement shows the results of investigation :—
 Results of investigation.



34. The number of persons arrested and sent up during the year was 429 and 441 respectively, against 797 and 743 in the previous year. Of 441 persons sent up 194 were convicted, 39 acquitted or discharged after trial and 47 on compromise, 5 persons died, 6 escaped from Jail and 141 persons were under trial at the close of the year. The percentage of conviction was 83.26 against 79.61 in the previous year. Of 213 persons awaiting trial at the end of the previous year, 88 persons were convicted, 54 persons acquitted or discharged after trial and 37 on compromise and 34 men were under trial at the end of the year.

35. Two men were bound down under Section 109 and 2 were awaiting trial at the end of the year.

36. There were two cases under the Arms Act ; one ended in conviction and the other in acquittal.

37. The value of properties stolen was estimated at Rs. 15,909-12-6 against Rs. 12,715-4-9 in the previous year. Of this Rs. 7,958-10-6 represents properties capable of identification, Rs. 3,903-13-6 was in cash and Rs. 4,047-4-6 relates to things otherwise unfit for identification. Properties worth Rs. 7,031-8-3 were recovered, giving a percentage of 44.19 against 33.1 in the previous year.

38. The Superintendent of Police has again referred to the difficulty and delay in obtaining search warrants for searches in the neighbouring British districts. The matter is under correspondence with the Political Agent.

39. One Jemadar and 4 constables were fined and 3 constables suspended. Two constables were prosecuted but acquitted on trial. One writer-constable and 4 constables were rewarded for securing the arrest of absconders. Some members of the British Police were rewarded for arresting persons wanted by the State Police and one State Daroga was the recipient of "Good Service Mark" on securing a British absconder. In an excise case, C. I. D. Inspector of Police got a reward from the Court. The same Inspector deserved praise in obtaining the arrest of two Political Suspects who have since been interned in British India. The Police were thanked by the Assam Tea Association for successful arrests of absconding coolies.

40. It is gratifying to note that friendly co-operation between the British and the State Police has been improving. There was an inter-district co-operation meeting at Chittagong towards the close of the year. There was useful deliberation in the meeting for detection and prevention of crime. The thanks of the Durbar are due to the British Police for ungrudging assistance whenever needed.

41. A small staff under a senior Inspector was maintained for detective purposes.

42. The Superintendent of Police was out on tour for 28 days only. He inspected some of the Thanahs and Court offices. The touring was insufficient and it was partly due to the illness of the officer.

43. The total Police expenditure amounted to Rs. 46,977 against Rs. 47,228 in the previous year.

IV. Justice

44. There were 14 Courts of Justice in the State during the year under report, exercising both civil and criminal jurisdiction, viz.—the Khas Adalat or the Chief Court with its original and appellate sides and 13 Courts of Magistrate-Munsiffs exercising original jurisdiction only.

45. Altogether 1,271 original criminal cases were instituted during the year under report against 1,443 of the previous year ; with the balance of 281 pending from 1327 T. E., the total number of cases for disposal before the several subordinate courts of original jurisdiction was 1552 as against 1736 as of the previous year, as detailed below ; out of these 1,552 cases 1,229 were disposed of, leaving 323 cases pending at the close of the year.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	1327 T. E.	1328 T. E.
Offences against the State and public tranquillity	94	46
Offences against person	380	328
Offences against property	965	899
Other offences	307	279
TOTAL	1,736	1,552

46. The total number of persons awaiting trial in the year under report inclusive of the number pending from the previous year was 1370. The number actually brought to trial was 1,110 as against 1,393 of the last year. Of these 382 were arrested by the Police, 260 were produced on warrants, 339 appeared on summons, 122 appeared voluntarily and 7 were arrested in the presence of Magistrates.

47. Out of these 1,370 persons brought to trial, 402 were discharged without trial, 293 were acquitted and 348 convicted while 15 died, 5 were transferred, 3 escaped and 304 remained under trial at the close of the year. Of the persons convicted 104 were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment extending from 1 month to 6 years, 237 to fine only and 6 persons were released on bail while 1 person was imprisoned for life. The number of persons actually tried was 641 as against 1,082 of the previous year, and the percentage of conviction was thus 54.29 against 57.85 of the last year.

48. Of the 1,552 cases for disposal, the number in which British subjects were concerned was 372 as against 555 of the previous year. Out of these 372 cases, 280 were cognizable and 92 non-cognizable. In 43 cases British subjects were the complainants, in 329 they were the accused. In 102 cases both

the parties were British subjects. In these cases 308 persons were actually under trial during the year under report against 629 of the last year. Of them 132 were convicted, 120 acquitted or discharged, 5 died, 3 escaped, and 48 remained under trial at the close of the year.

49. The Statement below compares the number of original Criminal cases during the last 2 years.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	1327 T.E.	1328 T.E.	Increase.	Decrease.
Offences against the State and public tranquillity ...	73	27	—	46
Offences against person	340	202	—	78
Offences against property	767	741	—	26
Other offences	263	241	—	22
TOTAL	1,443	1,271	—	172

50. Requisitions for extradition warrants for the arrest and surrender of 42 accused persons were issued during the year under report; of them 18 were surrendered on arrest, 12 appeared voluntarily, and 12 remained at large at the close of the year. Of the 30 persons under trial, 16 were convicted, and 5 acquitted or discharged, 6 remained under trial at the close of the year, 2 died before conviction and 1 escaped from jail. Of previous year's cases 4 accused persons were surrendered and all of them were convicted during the year under report.

51. Eight cases were committed to the Sessions during the year under report. This added to 2 cases with 4 persons pending from the previous year made a total of 10 cases. All of these cases were disposed of as shown in the table below. The number of persons involved in these cases was 17, of whom 7 were convicted, 6 discharged without trial and 4 acquitted.

Description of cases.	Number of cases.	Disposed of.	Pending.	REMARKS.
Bigamy	3	3	—	
Arson	2	2	—	
Simple hurt	1	1	—	
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	3	3	—	
Murder	1	1	—	
Total	10	10	—	

52. There were altogether 155 criminal appeals as against 168 of the previous year. They were disposed of as shown below:—

Rejected	5
Judgment affirmed	71
Modified	22
Reversed	40
Further enquiry ordered	9
Proceedings quashed	1
	<hr/>
	148
Pending	7
	<hr/>
Total	155

53. The percentage of judgments affirmed and modified was 65.03 against 68.05 of the preceding year.

54. The number of original civil suits instituted during the year decreased by 7, being 1,779 as against 1,786 of the previous year. With the preceding year's balance of 708 suits, the total number for disposal was 2,487. Out of these 1,765 suits were disposed of as follows :—

Exparte	...	...	...	...	731
Admitted and compromised	...	...	...	...	321
Dismissed for want of prosecution	...	...	...	...	360
Disposed of on contest	...	...	...	...	<u>353</u>
					1,765
Pending	...	...	...	...	<u>722</u>
Total	...	...	...	...	2,487

55. The average duration of suits before the civil courts was 3 months and 10 days against 3 months and 2 days in 1327 T. E.

56. The total value of the suits instituted during the year was Rs. 1,34,397-5-9 as against Rs. 1,17,184-3-3 which gives an average of Rs. 75-8-8 as the value per case. Of the 1,779 suits instituted during the year under report, 622 related to lands, 933 to money transactions, and 224 to other transactions. There were 1,240 suits of the value of Rs. 100 and under ; 285 suits of over Rs. 100 and below Rs. 500 ; 16 suits of over Rs. 500 and below Rs. 1,000 ; 5 suits of over Rs. 1,000 and below Rs. 5,000 ; and only 1 suit above the value of Rs. 5,000 ; while 232 suits were not estimable in money value.

57. The number of applications for the execution of decrees filed during the year was 695 and with 442 pending cases the total number was 1137 as against 1007 of the previous year. The aggregate value of the new applications was Rs. 82,864-3-6 and with the opening value of Rs. 47,264-2-6 being the value of the pending cases, the total amounted to Rs. 1,30,128-6-0. The number of applications disposed of was 701 the value of which was Rs. 71,865-9-0. The number of execution cases pending at the close of the year was 436 with the value of Rs. 58,262-13-0.

58. There were 134 civil appeals filed during the year under report as against 135 of the previous year. With the past year's balance of 42, the total for disposal was 176 against 163 of 1327 T.E. Out of these, 127 were disposed of during the year under report against 121 of the previous year leaving a balance of 49 cases at the close of the year.

59. The following figures indicate the results of appeals :—

Decisions confirmed	...	...	...	54
" reversed	...	...	...	29
" modified	...	...	...	17
" remanded	...	...	...	4
Compromised or otherwise disposed of	...	...	...	<u>23</u>
				127

60. The percentage of judgments wholly or partly upheld excluding the cases compromised was 68.26 against 65.62 of the previous year.

61. The total value of the appeals filed during the year under report was Rs. 9,447-15-9 and the average duration of each appeal was 3 months and 7 days as against 3 months and 23 days of the previous year.

62. In the original side of the Khas Adalat 16 applications were filed for the grant of succession and other certificates during the year. With the balance of 13 the total number of cases was 29, out of which 19 were disposed of as shown below, leaving 10 cases pending at the close of the year.

Description of cases.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending.
Probate case	2	—	2
Succession certificate	12	7	5
Guardianship	15	12	3
Total	29	19	10

63. It will appear from the subjoined table that the total number of civil and criminal appeals inclusive of the number pending from the previous year was 331, the same as the year before, and out of these 331 appeals, 275 were disposed of as against 273 of the previous year.

Description of appeals.	Number of appeals.		Disposed of.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year	Present year.
Civil	163	176	121	127
Criminal	168	155	152	148
Total	331	331	273	275

V. Prisons.

64. There was a central jail at Agartala and 9 subsidiary jails at the outlying Divisions with a population of 529 against 735 in the previous year. Of these 248 were convicts, 271 undertrial, 7 civil prisoners and 3 lunatics. The daily average was 68.91 against 82.75 in the previous year.

65. There were 40 prisons under sentence of over 2 years against 46 in the previous year, as shown below :—

Class of offence.	Number of prisoners.	Occupation.	REMARKS.
Murder	13	They were employed in oilmills, brick and soorki making, bamboo work, earth-work and gardening.	* Of these 5 were life convicts, 2 under sentence of 10 to 14 years, 9 under sentence of 5 to 10 years, and 24 of 2 to 5 years.
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	15		
Grievous hurt	1		
Theft	2		
Counterfeiting coin	4		
Dacoity	4		
Escape from lawful custody	1		
Total	40		

66. 186 persons were admitted into the Jail Hospital during the year under report. Of them 180 were cured, 3 died and 3 persons were in the hospital at the end of the year.

67. The jail enclosure walls were seriously damaged by the last earthquake and had to be rebuilt. This interfered with the completion of the jail dormitory.

68. The total expenditure for the jails amounted to Rs. 8,752 against Rs. 8,851 in previous year.

VI. Registration.

69. The number of registration offices was the same as in the previous year, being 10, one at each of the Divisional head-quarters. The Divisional Officers or the Second Officer where there is one, were ex-officio Registrars except at Sadar where there is a special officer for registration work.

70. Appendix XVI and XVII will show the results of the registration operations of the year. It will be seen that 5764 deeds were presented for registration in the several offices against 6749 of the previous year. Of this number 5626 were registered, 82 were refused registration and 56 remained pending at the close of the year under report.

71. The total money value of the deeds presented for registration was Rs. 6,42,843 and of those registered Rs. 4,67,718 against Rs. 8,44,974 and Rs. 8,34,029 respectively of the previous year. The figure reported last year was incorrect.

72. There were 25 suits and 6 appeals filed in the Registration Department against 22 suits and 2 appeals in the year before. There were 41 suits pending from the previous year, making a total of 72 cases to deal with. Of these 16 were disposed of, leaving 56 pending at the close of the year. Disposal of appeals indicate delay.

73. The income from all sources was Rs. 5,861 against Rs. 5,761 and the total expenditure Rs. 2,895 against Rs. 2,893 in the previous year, the net income from the Department being thus Rs. 2,966.

VII. Municipality.

74. The Agartala Municipality is the only municipality within the State. The population is about 7,000.
75. The Municipal Committee consists of 7 members, all nominated, including a Chairman and a Vice-Chairman. Dr. Manimoy Mazumdar continued to occupy the post of the Chairman. It had eight sittings, the average attendance of members being 4' 8.
76. The rates of taxes continued the same as in the last six years. No revision of rates was done as contemplated. 1381 persons were assessed for municipal tax and 454 holdings for latrine tax.
77. The demand of the year under municipal and latrine taxes was Rs. 3,407-8-0 against Rs. 3,693-12-9 of the previous year. With the arrears of the past years—Rs. 3,088-8-9—the total demand for the year stood at Rs. 6,496-0-9. The total realisation under these two heads was Rs. 3,600-2-3 leaving at the end of the year Rs. 2,895-14-6 as arrears. The collection was not satisfactory. This is accounted for by the high prices prevailing. It is reported that a pretty large sum will have to be written off, there being no chance of recovery. During the year under report the remission was allowed to 27 persons to the extent of Rs. 101-8-0.
78. The income under the Miscellaneous head which includes all sources of revenue other than the aforesaid municipal and latrine taxes was Rs. 1762-3-0. This includes also advances and deposits recovered.
79. The State grant was Rs. 7,500 against Rs. 8,000 of the year before. And a specific grant of Rs. 1,000 was made by the State for the improvement of the water-supply of the town, out of which Rs. 434-2-9 only was expended and the balance lapsed to the State.
80. In point of health the year was a particularly bad one. Influenza, small-pox and cholera broke out in an epidemic form but fortunately the mortality was small.
81. The Committee gave particular attention to the improvement of the water-supply, drainage and kutchra roads of the town so far as the small funds at its disposal permitted.
82. The total expenditure incurred in the year under report amounted to Rs. 11,759-10-9 (including advances and deposits paid) as against Rs. 12,543-14-0 of the previous year. (vide Appendix XVII.)

CHAPTER IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

I. Weather and Crops—Agriculture.

83. The average rainfall of the year was 93'83 inches as against 77'04 inches of the preceding year, and approached the quinquennial average of 94'56 inches. Sabrum Division had the maximum of 126'79 inches while the minimum of 70'42 inches was recorded at Kailashahar.

84. The heavy rains in the first part of the year had a good effect on the early paddy crop. The condition of Crops. winter rice crop was also on the whole good, though it suffered to a certain extent in particular places owing to insufficient rain during Aswin and Kartik. The rainfall was seasonable for the *jhum* crops, consequently both *til* and cotton fared well. But the failure of winter rains injuriously affected the *Rabi* crops.

85. With the normal yield of the main crops and the rise in the prices thereof, a marked improvement in the general Condition of the people. condition of the people, who are mainly agricultural, was expected. But this hope was not fully realised since the prices of cloth, salt, mustard oil, and other daily necessities continued abnormally high, and in some cases went still higher, while the widespread and serious outbreak of influenza and cholera epidemics brought severe strain on the people.

86. The maximum price of rice was Rs. 8 per maund, while the Prices and wages of minimum was Rs. 2-8-0. The year opened with an labour. easy market, but gradually the prices went up. The price of paddy ranged between Rs. 4 and Re. 1-12-0. The all-round rise in the prices of all articles had a tendency to raise the wages of ordinary labourer, which varied between annas six to annas fourteen per diem.

87. The wages of skilled labourer however, remained stationary, viz, from annas twelve to Re. 1.

88. There was no necessity to make Taccavi advances during Taccavi. the year under report.

89. The model farm at Kasipur was placed under a Demonstrator. Attention was given to experiment with some useful Model Farm. crops. The results are stated below :—

(1) Potato—The Nainatal, the Darjeeling and the *Desi* varieties grew fairly well. Jute and sugarcane did not grow well. The *rabi* crops also did not prosper. The poor results were due to unseasonable rain. The grafts of fruit trees of different kinds that were planted during the year under review and the previous year thrived well.

(2) The growth and condition of the timber trees planted are hopeful.

(3) Cultivation of cotton—The experiment to grow the Dharwar variety of cotton in the dry season did not prove a success. But it grows well during the rainy season. To popularise the cultivation among the State subjects in the hills and in the plains a good quantity of Dharwar cotton seed was distributed by the Department all over the State during the latter part of the year under review.

90. The produce of the farm fetched an income of Rs. 468.

91. The institution of breeding bulls did not prove attractive.

92. The expenses incurred for the Agricultural Farm was Rs. 1,353.

II. Immigration and Emigration.

93. During the year as many as 1985 families immigrated into and 689 emigrated from the State as against 1,456 and 829 respectively of the previous year.

III. Forest.

94. All the State forests with the exception of those on the Goomti river in the Sonamura Division continued under *khas* management and inspite of the epidemic of influenza, small-pox and cholera the income of the Department was very fair.

95. The revenue for the year from the open unclassed forests including our share of the Feni river tolls amounted to Rs. 3,78,901 against Rs. 3,80,243 of the previous year. Including the income from the sale of reserved *Sal* trees the income in the year 1328 T. E. stands at Rs. 3,92,851 and that in 1327 T.E. at Rs. 3,88,423. The income from the sale of *Sal* trees in the year under report was Rs. 13,950 against Rs. 8,271 in the year before. The share of the Feni river tolls brought Rs. 7,567-3-3 to the State as against Rs. 6,500 in the year before. The total income from the sale of permits rose to Rs. 76,451-13-3 from Rs. 70,916 of the preceding year.

96. It is gratifying to note here that as the result of the recommendations of the Committee of joint enquiry held about the Feni tolls the Government of Bengal decided to hand over the management of the Feni river mehal to the State for 5 years from the 1st of April, 1919. Accordingly on that date Dewan Asita Chandra Chaudhuri representing the State received from Mr. Gent, the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Chittagong Division the charge of the Feni Mehal. A competent Station Officer with a subordinate staff has been appointed to the *Ghat*. It is hoped that this arrangement may lead to better results.

97. There were 109 criminal cases instituted by the Forest Department against 130 persons during the year under review. Of these 94 persons were convicted; the punishment inflicted being fines in the majority of the cases.

98. The inconveniences arising out of some of the practices of the Sylhet Forest authorities still continue. The difficulties experienced in the export of our forest produce especially by the Longai river have been a cause of loss of revenue to the State. It is hoped that the Administration of Assam will are long find it possible to remedy the grievances.

IV. Trade and Manufacture.

99. In addition to timber and various other forest produces, cotton, oil-seeds and paddy continued to be the principal exports.

During the year 53,632 maunds of cotton were exported as against 14,193 maunds in the previous year, and last five years' average of 31,914 maunds. The excess is due to the good harvest and fair prices. The export of *til* was 19,977 maunds as against 25,374 maunds of the previous year. There was a considerable export of *jute* amounting to 41,677 maunds. Owing to the failure of food crops in the neighbouring British districts rice and paddy were exported in large quantities during the latter part of the year. The prices of imported articles remained high and in some cases rose higher than in the year previous. For the first time tea was exported from this State though the quantity was small.

100. Apart from the newly introduced tea industry, no marked industrial development was noticeable during the year. Cane and bamboo works, making of a few wooden articles such as dug-outs, seats, bowls and plates, weaving of cotton fabrics by hill people in a limited scale and manufacture of *gur* were the only home industries pursued by the people.

V. Public Works.

101. It will be seen from the statement in Appendix XX that the total expenditure was Rs. 96,566 in the year under report against Rs. 1,16,757 in the previous year. This however represents only the charges finally debited for the years works while a sum of Rs. 19,865 was advanced for certain works and not yet adjusted and another sum of Rs. 14,543 was paid during the year under review for works executed in previous years but not paid for. The aggregate amount thus disbursed during the year came to Rs. 1,30,009.

102. Of Rs. 96,566 noted above Rs. 54,071 was spent on buildings, Rs. 17,021 on roads and bridges, Rs. 2,297 on water supply and Rs. 7,071 on miscellaneous works.

The important works in hand during the year were :-

- (1) A sitting room for His Highness.
- (2) The Ronaldshay road.
- (3) Diversion of the Khowai river.
- (4) Sadar jail walls rebuilt after the earthquake.

103. Considerable damages to the buildings at Agartala were caused by the last earthquake. These could only be partially repaired during the year. Much has yet to be done.

CHAPTER V—REVENUE AND FINANCES.

I. Revenue.

104. The total collection in the year was Rs. 12,16,926 against Rs. 10,39,419 of the previous year. The average of the past five years was Rs. 10,47,334. This may be regarded as satisfactory, it having exceeded the previous records and the budget estimate by a considerable amount. The details of income are given below :—

Serial number.	HEADS OF REVENUE.	1327 T.E.	1328 T.E.	AS COMPARED WITH 1327 T.E.		REMARKS.
				Increase.	Decrease.	
1	Land Revenue	3,32,239	4,29,760	97,521	—	
2	Rents of markets	7,100	7,517	417	—	
3	Family Tax in the hills	46,111	54,667	8,556	—	
4	Toll on forest produce	3,61,457	3,59,293	—	2,164	
5	Do. Do. on the Feni River	6,500	7,567	1,067	—	
6	Elephant & buffalo grazing Mehal	6,911	6,675	—	236	
7	Thatching grass Mehal	5,284	5,366	82	—	
8	Reserved <i>Sal</i> trees	8,271	13,950	5,679	—	
9	Tax on cotton and oil-seeds	59,761	1,21,743	61,982	—	
10	Royalty on elephants caught	745	—	—	745	
11	Adda Mehal	19,917	19,237	—	680	
12	Excise	22,813	21,842	—	971	
13	Stamps and Court-fees	53,095	51,705	—	1,390	
14	Law and Justice (Fines)	3,843	2,168	—	1,675	
15	Process fees	9,422	9,605	183	—	
16	Registration	7,083	5,997	—	1,086	
17	Jail	2,054	1,983	—	71	
18	Cattle pounds	4,016	3,948	—	68	
19	Nazars	40,678	45,282	4,608	—	
20	Agriculture	173	444	271	—	
21	Miscellaneous	41,916	48,177	6,261	—	
	TOTAL	10,39,419	12,16,926	1,86,623	9,116	Net increase 177507

N. B.—The above are Sumar figures which slightly differ from the Tauji figures. Sumar includes deposits, while the Tauji excludes deposits and includes the adjustments of suspense accounts.

105. It will be observed from the above that there was a total increase of Rs. 1,86,623 in eleven heads of revenue against a total decrease of Rs. 9,116, in regard to ten heads of income, the net increase being Rs. 1,77,507. The large increase in land revenue and house-tax was due to the increased capacity of the tenantry to pay the demand, owing to favourable out-turn of agricultural produce and the higher prices thereof, inspite of heavy rise in prices for every kind of necessaries. Owing to a larger yield, the income derived from cotton duty amounted to Rs. 95,848 against Rs. 26,817 of the previous year. The increase in miscellaneous head was due to export of jute in large quantity, which fetched increased sum as duty. The increased sale of reserved *Sal* trees in Udaypur Division accounted for the increase in this head. The slight fall in the forest revenue was due to the prevalence of influenza and cholera, which prevented the people to go into the interior to obtain forest produces. To this may be attributed also the shortage in *Adda* head. The decline in registration income continued, owing to the falling off in the number of documents presented for registration. The decrease

in excise revenue is due to the decline in *jama* in revised settlements and defaults in payments of dues. As no elephant was caught no royalty could be realised.

II. Finances.

106. The comparative financial statement showing receipts and expenditure for the State and the attached Zemindaries is given below with short explanatory notes of the striking variations :—

107. The opening balance of the year was Rs. 8,09,132 against Rs. 6,79,260; and the total income of the year, including refunds and deposits and law charges recovered, was Rs. 23,20,297 against Rs. 21,43,145 in the previous year. So the total on the receipt side including the opening balance was Rs. 31,29,429 against Rs. 28,22,405 in the previous year.

108. The total expenditure was Rs. 22,72,996 against Rs. 20,13,273 and the closing balance Rs. 8,56,433 against Rs. 8,09,132. Of the closing balance, Rs. 2,76,219 was in cash and the remainder Rs. 5,80,214 in bonds and advances. The advances issued during the year amounted to Rs. 73,905 the major portion of the advances Rs. 70,413 represents expenditure finally debitable to certain heads of expenditure. A considerable amount of such advances made in previous years was adjusted during the year under report by debit under certain heads of expenditure.

109. The noticeable variations in expenditure are explained below :—

i. ADMINISTRATION CHARGES :—

The increase both in the State and the Zemindaries is small and was due to the usual grade increments of officers and the rise in prices of paper and stationery.

ii. COST OF LITIGATION :—

The cost under this head has again gone up in spite of the endeavours made to keep it down. Larger number of suits had to be instituted.

iii. REVENUE AND TAXES :—

The increase was due to revision of cesses and purchase of certain tenures outside the Roshnabad Estates.

iv. PUBLIC WORKS :—

Within the State the decrease was due to smaller allotment and within the Zemindaries the increase was due to repairs necessitated by the earthquake.

v. EDUCATION :—

Within the State the increase was due to the purchase of books for the Library worth over Rs. 3,000, the increase of the pay of the post of Inspector of Schools and the raising of the status of the Sonamura M. E. School to that of a Branch H. E. School and the raising of the Krishnanagar H. V. School to a M. E. School and the usual grade increments. Within the Zemindaries the increase was due to the donation of Rs. 10,000 to the Comilla Victoria College Improvement Fund and Rs. 500 as donation and Rs. 300 as annual grant to the Mangalkandi H. E. School and stipend to some poor students.

Receipts.	1327 T. E.	1328 T. E.	Expenditure.	1327 T. E.	1328 T. E.
1. Opening balance :—			1. General Administration charges :—		
(1) State	5,10,113	5,64,133	(a) State	3,14,679	3,15,109
(2) Zemindaries ...	1,69,147	2,44,999	(b) Zemindaries :—		
Total	6,79,260	8,09,132	1. Cost of management	1,34,427	1,36,572
			2. Cost of litigation	1,24,648	1,31,968
			Total	5,73,754	5,83,649
			2. Revenue and Taxes on account of the Zemindaries	2,51,980	2,54,149
			3. Public Works :—		
			(a) State	1,16,261	93,578
			(b) Zemindaries	56,421	58,131
			Total	1,72,682	1,51,709
			4. Municipality :—		
			(a) State	8,000	7,934
			5. Education :—		
			(a) State	62,343	68,008
			(b) Zemindaries	8,659	19,860
			Total	71,002	87,868
2. Income :—			6. Medical :—		
(1) State	10,39,419	12,16,926	(a) State	42,946	82,020
(2) Zemindaries ...	9,00,523	9,84,462	(b) Zemindaries	7,948	8,381
Total	19,39,942	22,01,388	Total	50,894	90,401
			7. Survey and Settlement :—		
			(a) State	12,380	11,876
			(b) Zemindaries	7,114	3,325
			Total	19,494	15,201
			8. Agriculture :—		
			9. Religious Expenses :—		
			(a) State	47,380	51,250
			(b) Zemindaries	5,629	5,610
			Total	53,009	56,860
3. Law charges recovered :—			10. Sultanat :—		
(1) State	—	—	(a) State	43,728	31,820
(2) Zemindaries ...	67,049	56,897	11. Purchase of Landed Tenures :—		
			(a) State	1,312	3,350
			(b) Zemindaries	11,062	5,333
			Total	12,374	8,683
			12. Pension and Gratuity :—		
			(a) State	28,860	26,832
			(b) Zemindaries	4,798	3,924
			Total	33,658	30,756
			13. Ordinary <i>Sauwar</i> charges :—		
			(a) Ordinary expenses on account of His Highness and family including Jubraj Bahadur	82,146	78,811
			(b) Other branches of the Raj family	1,38,366	1,35,654
			(c) Thakurs	31,317	32,589
			(d) <i>Sauwar</i> office establishment	9,024	8,166
			(e) Electric Light	39,809	28,739
			(f) Miscellaneous	45,298	51,843
			Total	3,45,460	3,35,802
			14. Charity and Donation :—		
			(a) State	8,537	8,848
			(b) Zemindaries	1,005	1,256
			Total	9,542	10,104
			15. His Highness's Nij Tahabil (Privy purse) including expenses on journeys	1,12,957	2,73,835
			16. Liabilities liquidated including payment of interest on loans and repayment of deposits :—		
			(a) State	53,042	1,11,099
			(b) Zemindaries	1,71,481	85,875
			Total	2,24,523	1,96,974
			17. Remission of loans and advances :—		
			(a) State	—	5,195
			(b) Zemindaries	—	5,195
			Total	—	5,195
			18. Miscellaneous :—		
			(a) State	15,131	3,111
			(b) Zemindaries	5,129	7,319
			Total	20,260	10,430
			19. War contribution	8,646	—
			(a) State	—	52,273
			(b) Zemindaries	—	65,000
			Total	—	11,7,273
			20. Closing Balance :—		
			(a) State	37,020	1,94,355
			In cash	5,20,213	4,64,254
			In bonds and advances	5,64,133	6,48,609
			Total	—	—
			(b) Zemindaries :—		
			In cash	91,289	81,864
			In bonds and advances	1,53,710	1,25,960
			Total	2,44,999	2,07,824
GRAND TOTAL ...	28,22,405	31,20,429	GRAND TOTAL ...	28,22,405	31,20,429

vi. MEDICAL :—

The large increase was principally due to outside medical help being called in during the severe illness of His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur, the Jubaraj Bahadur and several members of the Raj family. The year was specially unhealthy. Influenza and cholera spread over the whole State in an epidemic form and rendered extra medical expenditure necessary. The appointment of a Homoeopath on Rs. 250 under the Medical Department also contributed to the increase. Within the Zemindaries the increase was due to rise in prices of medicine.

vii. RELIGIOUS EXPENSES :—

The increase was due to extra *Debarchan* during the illness of His Highness and the Jubaraj Bahadur.

viii. SULTANAT :—

The post of Assistant Palace Superintendent was abolished and 3 elephants and 2 horses died during the year. In the previous year 3 elephants were purchased. These account for the decrease.

ix. PENSION AND GRATUITY :—

Within the State some pensioners died. In Chakla in the previous year some arrear pension had to be paid.

x. SANSAR CHARGES :—

On the whole the expenditure under this major head shows a decrease but the decrease is not real as there were several outstanding accounts at the end of the year. Some fluctuations however are noted.

1. The decrease was in the Toshakhana Department.
2. The death of some members of the family accounts for the decrease.
3. The increase was due to increase in allotments.
4. The decrease was due to the retirement of Naib-Dewan Mrityunjay Chakravarti.

5. The decrease was due partly to reduction of establishment and partly to the decrease effected in the cost by using the oil-engine instead of the big coal-engine. The other causes of the decrease are that in the previous year a portion of the price of the oil-engine and of its fitting charges were paid and in the year under report bills for about Rs. 2,000 remained unpaid.

6. Miscellaneous—Some payments debitable under head (14) charity and donation were made under this head and some extra expenditure had to be incurred during His Highness's illness.

xi. CHARITY AND DONATION :—

STATE—The figures are apparent as some expenditure properly debitable under this head was debited under head 13 (f).

ZEMINDARI—The increase was due to the annual grant of Rs. 300 to the Society for the amelioration of the depressed classes in Bengal and Assam.

xii. NIJ TAHABIL :—

The increase is apparent only being adjustment of old advances made for His Highness's journeys and pilgrimages in previous years.

xiii. LIABILITIES :—

The payment under this head both in the State and the Chakla

represents old debts on account of the Nij Tahabil, Public Works, repayment of deposits, interest on loans and other small liabilities. The decrease was due to the Bank debt having been cleared in the previous year.

xiv. WAR CONTRIBUTION :—

The total amount was divided between the State and Chakla for convenience of payment. Of this Rupees one lac and fifteen thousands represent His Highness's contribution to the War Fund and the remainder Rs. 2,273 represents payments made to various funds and towards recruitment for the Bengalee Regiment.

CHAPTER VI—VITAL STATISTICS.

110. There were 16 dispensaries in the State as in the previous year. Six charitable dispensaries were also maintained in His Highness's Zemindaries.

111. The following statement shows the total number of new patients treated in all the dispensaries as well as the daily average as compared with those of the previous year.

	1327 T.E.			1328 T.E.		
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Total.	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Total.
PATIENTS.	78,734	478	79,212	88,633	478	89,111
Daily average	215·7	1·3	217	242·83	1·3	244·13

112. The total out-door attendance was 1,56,375 against 1,28,394 in the previous year, the daily average being 428·42 against 351·66.

113. With the previous year's balance of 12, the total number of in-door patients was 478 against 478 ; of them 320 were cured, 106 absented themselves or were otherwise discharged, 36 died, and 16 remained under treatment at the close of the year.

114. The total number of surgical operations performed was 781 against 1,156 including 23 major cases as against 53 in the previous year.

115. The number of out-door patients treated was 13,616 against 15,380 in the previous year, the daily average of attendance being 78·37 against 70·37. The in-door patients were 453 against 444 of the year previous ; of them 305 were cured, 99 were relieved or otherwise discharged, 34 died and 15 remained under treatment. The daily average was 14·47 against 14·24. The total expenditure incurred on this institution amounted to Rs. 6,371-8-0 against Rs. 5,638-12-0 in the previous year.

116. It was a very bad year in point of health. Severe epidemics of influenza and cholera broke out almost in every part of the State and a large number of persons died. Small-pox also appeared in an epidemic form in the Sadar Division. The number of deaths, so far as could be recorded, was as stated below :—

Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Total.
3,545	819	13	4,377

117. 5,037 persons were vaccinated against 8,810 in the previous year ; of them 4,545 were successful against 7,949 in the year previous. In consequence of serious out-breaks of influenza during the season, vaccination work could not be done as before in various important centres ; hence the total number has fallen off this year. One small-pox doctor and two vaccination inspectors inspected the vaccination work in the interior. The State Physician and the Assistant State Physician also inspected vaccination while on tour.

118. The total expenditure on this account was Rs. 968-7-3 against Rs. 1,064 in this previous year.

119. There were 88 Police cases during the year against 111 including 13 post-mortem cases against 23 in the previous year.

120. As in the previous year there were three Kavirajes attached to this department. The total expenses incurred on account of salaries and medicines was Rs. 4,561-7-6 against Rs. 4,302-8-3.

121. An experienced homœopathic doctor was appointed on Rs. 250 per mensem in the latter part of the year. The total expenditure incurred in this Department was Rs. 1,901 against Rs. 653 in the year previous.

122. Dr. M. M. Mazumdar, L. M. S., was the Chief Medical Officer and Dr. S. K. Dutta, L. M. S. was his Assistant. Besides there was a staff of subordinate medical assistants.

123. Dr. Mazumdar was out on tour for 7 days and Dr. Dutta for 7 days. Four outlying dispensaries were inspected during the year. On account of severe out-break of influenza at Agartala extended tour could not be done. Dr. Mazumdar was also out in camp with His Highness the Maharaja for 13 days.

124. The total expenditure for medical aid was Rs. 82,020 against Rs. 42,946 in the previous year.

CHAPTER VII—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

125. The number of schools in the year under review was 140 as against 137 of the previous year and the numerical strength 5,054 as against 5,336 excluding private *Patshalas* which numbered 23 with 618 pupils on the roll. The fall in

the number was due to the prevalence of influenza, small-pox and cholera in an epidemic form during the year for which many of the schools had to remain closed for weeks together.

126. There were three High English Schools within the State, the Umakanta Academy at the capital Agartala, the Radhakishore Institution at Kailashahar and the Brojendrakishore Institution at Bilonia, the two latter continuing under provisional recognition by the Calcutta University. Besides these there was one Feeder School teaching up to Class VIII at Sonamura, and at the request of the local people the M. E. School at Dharmanagar was provisionally raised to similar status. The number of pupils in all the above schools was 925 as against 855 in the previous year, and the average daily attendance 687·74 as against 596·80 of the previous year.

127. Fiftyseven students appeared at the last Matriculation Examination against 53 in the previous year. Of these, 26 students belonged to the U. K. Academy, 19 to the B. K. Institution at Bilonia and 12 to the R. K. Institution at Kailashahar. Of them 40 came out successful. The results are detail below :—

	No. sent up.	1st Division	2nd Division.	3rd Division.
1. U. K. Academy	26	14	4	0
2. B. K. Institution, Bilonia	16	8	7	1
3. R. K. Institution, Kailashahar	12	3	3	0

128. The Inspector of Schools, Chittagong Division, had occasion to visit the U. K. Academy in connection with its Geography teaching and he remarked that the institution was well-staffed and doing excellent work.

129. During the year under review there were 4 M. E. Schools as in the previous year. The Dharmanagar M. E. School was raised into a Feeder High School, while the Krishnanagar H. V. School was raised to be a M. E. School. The number on the rolls was 418 as against 465 in the previous year and the daily average of attendance 297·83 as against 334·03 in the previous year.

130. There was only one H. V. School against 2 in the previous year, the Krishnanagar H. V. School having been raised to the status of a M. E. School. The boys on the rolls numbered 59 and the average of the daily attendance was 40. It may be noted here that the policy of the State is gradually to convert all the H. V. Schools into M. E. Schools.

131. The number of L. V. Schools was 23 as against 22 in the previous year. Their numerical strength was 1,183 as against 1,250 in the previous year and their average daily attendance was 796·20 as against 990·53 in the previous year.

132. There were 92 *Patshalas* for boys with a strength of 2,121 against 89 with 2,238 boys in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 1503·30 as against 1640·89 in the previous year.

133. There were one M. E. School and 11 *Patshalas* for girls as against 1 and 10 respectively in the preceding year.
Girls' Schools. The girls on the roll numbered 277 against 264 in the year before. Besides these in some schools boys and girls were taught together.

134. 389 pupils appeared at the local scholarship examinations against 374 in the previous year. Of these 247 (including 11 girls) came out successful. Fifteen boys passed the M. E. Examination, 3 the H. V., 66 (including 4 girls) the L. V., and 163 (including 7 girls) the *Patshala* Examination. 18 boys and 3 girls got scholarships varying from Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 per month tenable for 2 to 4 years.
Scholarship Examinations.

135. There were three schools which might be classed as schools for special training. They consisted of 1 *Tol*, 1 *Madrasa* and an Artisan school. The *Tol* and the *Madrasa* at Dharmanagar were amalgamated with the Feeder High School. There were *Madrasa* classes attached to 6 *Patshalas*.

136. The Sanskrit *Tol* had a strength of 8 boys on its roll. From the *Tol*, one sat for the First Examination in *Smriti* and another boy appeared at the Intermediate Examination in *Vyakaran*. The latter came out successful.

137. The *Madrasa* had 47 students on its roll against 90 in the previous year.

138. The Woodburn Artisan School had only 16 students. The small number is due to the fact that the students generally belong to the poorer classes of the society and are therefore unable to continue their instruction without a stipend. But it is not possible or advisable to give a stipend to every student. A new scheme on co-operative principle has been introduced under which the students will receive a portion of the income derived from the proceeds of their handiwork. This scheme may enable boys to continue longer.

139. The Jubaraj Goswami Bahadur inspite of his serious illness kept up his studies and sat for his annual examination.
Education of the Jubaraj Goswami Bahadur. He has come out successful in his examination and is doing good progress in his studies. He is showing a keen interest in out-door games and is specially fond of riding. Owing to his ill-health the idea of putting him in a school for the sons of Ruling Princes could not be given effect to.

140. There were 2 Kumars receiving College education. Of these one Kumar Kumud Ranjan Deb Barman passed the I. Sc. Examination and was placed in the First Division. This was certainly a praise-worthy achievement. The other Kumar Promode Chandra Deb Barman is in the 4th year B.A. Class. Kumar Narottam Kishore Deb Barman has been in the Hastings House School and another Kumar is in the St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.
Other Kumars.

141. In the day school for the Kumars there were 12 pupils, one of them was in the Matriculation class and the other belonged to the juvenile classes and did well in the last annual examination.
The Palace Day School for the young Kumars.

142. There were 6 Thakur boys reading in colleges. One of them is a graduate and has been attending law lectures in the Dacca College for the B.L. degree. Two sat for the last Intermediate Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University and both of them came out successful. Two were studying for the I. A. and the other was at a Homoeopathic College in Calcutta. There were 10 boys in the Bolpur *Brahmacharyyasram*. One of them passed the Matriculation Examination in the First Division. Two of the boys were in receipt of stipends from the State.

143. Three Thakur boys including one from the Thakur Boarding House and one from the Bolpur *Brahmacharyyasram* mentioned above went up for the Matriculation Examination. All of them came out successful. One Thakur boy has taken up Mine Surveying. Two Laskar boys passed the I. A. Examination.

144. The Thakur Boarding Institution had 31 boys on the roll against 30 in the previous year. The boarders were found well-behaved and enjoyed fairly good health throughout the year. A new pucca dormitory is under construction on the site of the old dormitory which was destroyed by a fire last year. The new one is expected to allow ample accommodation for the boarders.

145. The comparative statement below will show the number of non-Bengalee students receiving education in the schools of the State.

Serial number.	Nationality.	NUMBER OF STUDENTS.		Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year	
1.	Thakurs.	174	141	The decrease is due to the prevalence of cholera, small-pox and influenza in epidemic form during the year.
2.	Manipuris	837	870	
3.	Tripuras	388	309	
4.	Reangs	23	19	
5.	Kukis	1	1	
6.	Others	119	95	
	Total	1,542	1,435	

146. There were in all 102 scholarships and stipends enjoyed by the deserving students of the State.

147. Thirty-three teachers sat for the Guru-training Examination of whom 8 came out successful.

148. 75 students from hills appeared at the last reward examination. Of them 65 along with their teachers obtained rewards. Some unsuccessful boys were given consolation rewards for encouragement.

149. The inspecting staff consisted of one Inspector of Schools and two Sub-Inspectors. The inspection work suffered to some extent on account of the prevailing continued epidemics in the interior. The Inspector of Schools with the two Sub-Inspectors inspected all the schools except those of Udaipur and Amarapur.

150. At Sadar there was only one library, the Beer Chandra Library with two separate sections (1) the English Library being accommodated at the Palace and (2) the Bengali section at the Club Building. The earthquake of the year damaged a good many almirahs and their contents. The number of books in the English branch was 3,974 and that in the Bengali branch was 1,511. There were 6 daily, 10 weekly and 8 monthly papers subscribed for the library. There were also small libraries at the Divisional head-quarters.

151. The total expenditure incurred by the Education Department in the year 1328 T. E. was Rs. 68,008 against Rs. 62,343 of the previous year.

152. Some important details of educational expenditure are :—

1. Primary Education	...	...	...	Rs. 18,551
2. Secondary Education	...	...	...	" 23,935
3. Schools for special training	...	...	...	" 1,989
4. Boarding Institutions	...	...	...	" 5,310
5. Education of the Jubaraj Bahadur and other Kumars	...	...	...	" 5,485
6. Scholarships and Stipends	...	...	...	" 4,875
7. Libraries	...	...	...	" 4,850

153. A large number of primary and secondary schools were maintained in the Zemindaries and grants-in-aid continued to a number of High Schools. There was a capital grant of Rs. 10,000 for the improvement of the Comilla Victoria College and of Rs. 500 for the Mangalkandi High School in the Feni Subdivision. The total educational expenditure in the Zemindaries was Rs. 19,860.

CHAPTER VIII—ZEMINDARIES.

Chakla Roshnabad Estates.

154. Rai P. K. Das Gupta Bahadur continued to administer the zemindaries in addition to his duties as Chief Dewar Management. during the year under review except for 2½ months when he was on leave and late Babu Jyotirindra Prasad Mitter and after him, Dewan Asita Chandra Chaudhuri were in charge. There were 3 Assistant Managers and a Sub-manager as in previous years.

155. The gross revenue demand of the year was Rs. 9,42,064 against Rs. 9,40,764 in the year previous showing an increase of Rs. 1300 and the total receipts amounted to Rs. 9,84,462 against Rs. 9,00,523 in 1327 T. E., giving an increase of Rs. 83,939, which was apparently due to high prices of food-crops bringing more ready money to the growers and a very fair outturn of agricultural produces.

156. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 10,83,724 against Rs. 9,16,001 in the year previous. The fluctuations have been commented upon in the section under 'Finances'.

157. The results of the year's settlement operations are summarized below :—

Settlement.		Additional rent.		Nazar realised.
Kinds of settlement.				
1.	Railway land	2		7
2.	<i>Taskhichi</i> taluk in town	152		6,162
3.	Ordinary settlement in town	119		18,560
4.	<i>Khas patit</i>	626		4,167
5.	Enhancement of rent ...	218		6,607
6.	Resettlement of auction purchased holdings ...	139		8,780
7.	Non-rent paying holding	14		—
8.	<i>Taskhichi</i> settlement in Muffasil	57		960
9.	Ijara	—		—
		Rs. 1327		Rs. 45,243
Abated on account of Ijara settlement		Rs. 95		
		Rs. 1232		

CHAPTER IX—MISCELLANEOUS.

158. Dewan Asita Chandra Choudhuri, in charge of Education, Forest, Accounts and some other Departments of the Chief Dewan's office, was out for 32 days. As Darbar representative in connection with the south-eastern boundary demarcation survey, he went to the eastern limits of the Kailashahar Division, and when returning he inspected Radhakishore Institution and some other offices in that Division. He had also to go to Amlighat in Sabrum Division for a week to make necessary arrangements for taking over charge of the forest toll office from the Government Forest Department. The Officer-in-charge of the Revenue Department was in camp for 17 days and inspected the Divisional and other offices at Bilonia, Khowai and Kalyanpur.

159. The tours of the Divisional Officers and their Assistants are noted below :—

		State.			
1.	Sadar—	Divisional Officer	...	...	7 days.
		Second	"	...	49 "
2.	Kailashahar—	Divisional	"	...	29 "
		Second	"	...	26 "
3.	Sonamura—	Divisional	"	...	6 "
4.	Bilonia—	Divisional	"	...	82 "
5.	Dharmanagar—	"	"	...	46 "
6.	Udaipur—	"	"	...	17 "
7.	Khowai—	"	"	...	28 "
8.	Sabrum—	"	"	...	42 "
9.	Amarpur—	Sub-Divisional	"	...	11 "
10.	Kalyanpur—	"	"	...	9 "

Zemindaries.

1.	Assistant Manager,	Central Division	...	...	38 days.
2.	"	Northern "	...	...	89 "
3.	"	Southern "	...	...	91 "
4.	Sub-Manager, Laharpur	...	...	...	177 "

It may be observed that touring is still insufficient. The Divisional Officer of Sonamura did not go out at all. This will be enquired into by the Revenue Department.

DATED, AGARTALA,
The 6th August, 1919.

P. K. DAS GUPTA,
Chief Dewan.

APPENDIX.

STATISTICAL RETURNS.

1328 T.E. (1918-19.)

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*List of the principal Laws and Regulations in force in the Tippera Sta
during 1328 T. E.*

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Whether introduced during the year under report.
CRIMINAL.		
1. Regulation No. III. of 1280 T. E. ...		
2. Regulation No. I. of 1283 T. E. ...		
3. Jail Regulation, 1283 T. E. ...		
4. Regulation No. IV. of 1283 T. E. (Cattle trespass and pound). ...		
5. Regulation No. III. of 1296 T. E. (Police Regulation). ...		
6. Act No. IV. of 1321 T. E.—Penal Laws (an amending Act) ...		
CIVIL.		
1. Civil Law of 1284 T. E. ...		
2. Rules regarding <i>chit</i> suits (small causes) 1287 and 1300 T. E. ...		
3. Act No. II. of 1313 T. E.—an Act for the regulation of interest on debts.		
4. Act No. II. of 1314 T. E.—Limita- tion Act. ...	Partly adapted.	
REVENUE.		
1. Act No. I. of 1286 T. E.—Stamp Act		
2. Act No. I. of 1290 T. E.—Sale Law		
3. Act No. I. of 1296 T. E.—Tenancy Act. ...		
4. Act No. II. of 1296 T. E.— <i>Abkari</i> ...		
5. Act No. II. of 1297 T. E.—Reserved forests. ...		
6. Act No. I. of 1304 T. E.—Duties on <i>til</i> and cotton. ...		
7. Act No. I. of 1306 T. E.—Registra- tion. ...	Do. Do.	
8. Survey and Settlement Act, 1309 T. E.		
9. <i>Tuccavi</i> Regulation, 1310 T. E. ...		
10. Act No. I. of 1313 T. E.—Forests. ...		
11. Act No. I. of 1314 T. E.—(amending the above) ...		
12. A Law imposing export duty on jute and mustard-seed, 1317 T. E. ...		
13. Act No. II. of 1321 T. E.—Ghasuri Act		
MISCELLANEOUS.		
1. An Act promulgating certain rules as Law, 1283 T. E. ...		
2. Regulation for the record of judicial decisions &c., 1284 T. E. ...		
3. Municipal Regulation, 1284 T. E. ...		
4. Legal Practitioners' Regulation. ...		
5. Act No. I. of 1297 T. E.—an Act for the regulation of commissions for the examination of witnesses. ...		
6. Special Regulation against cow slaughter. ...		
7. Rules of evidence. ...		
8. Act I. of 1318 T. E.—Constitution of Courts—(an amending Act.)...		
9. Leave and allowance Rules ...	Do. Do.	
10. Act No. I. of 1321 T. E.—Arms Act		
11. Act No. III. of 1321 T. E.—Constitu- tion of Courts (an amending Act)		

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Whether introduced during the year under report.
12. Municipal Act No. I of 1322 T. E.... 13. Revenue Sale Amendment Act—1323 T. E. 14. An Act for the destruction of old records—1323 T. E. 15. Act I of 1326 T. E.—Regulation regarding Privy Council Appeals. 16. Act II of 1326 T. E.—Registration of Births and Deaths 17. Act III of 1326 T. E.—Vaccina- tion Act 18. Act IV of 1326 T. E.—Public De- mands Recovery Act 19. Act V of 1326 T. E.—Excise Amendment Act 20. Act I of 1327 T. E.—Settlement of lands for tea cultivation ... 21. Regulation No. 1 of 1328 T. E. regarding Registration of Coolies ... 22. Regulation No. 2 of 1328 T. E. regarding Export of Tea	Partly adapted. Do. Do.	

II.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Tippera State for 1328 T.E.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and condition of the force at the end of the current year.

Arm of service.	NUMBER OF FIGHTING OFFICERS AND MEN.						DETAILS OF FORCE AT THE END OF THE CURRENT YEAR.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	REMARKS.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of regiments, battalions, or batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European commissioned officers.	Native commissioned officers.	Non-commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Infantry ...	257(a)	10	3	—	30(b)	234	1	—	—	—	40	194	Rs 34,849	(a) Excluding the post of Military Assistant abolished during the year 1327 T.E. (b) Including 11 posts abolished during the course of the year.

III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police for the year 1328 T. E.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Total cost.	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.									
Superintendent ...	1	100 to 150	Rs. 46,977	—	—	—	—	—	280	—	
Inspector ...	5	50 to 80		—	—	—	—	1		—	
Sub-Inspector or Daroga	20	25 to 40		—	—	—	—	—		—	
Naib Daroga ...	15	15 to 20		—	—	—	—	1		—	
Writer Constable ...	13	10		—	—	—	—	—		—	
Subadar ...	1	25		—	—	—	—	—		—	
Jamadar ...	5	15		—	1 Fined 4 Fined 3 Suspended	—	—	—		—	
Constable ...	190	7 to 10		10	—	—	—	4		—	
Chowkidar ...	100	5		2	—	—	—	—		—	
	350										

IV.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Tippera State	1,243	1,090	797	429	743	441	417	194	165	39	72'27	87'78*	79'73	83'26*	* Excluding 47 persons acquitted on compromise, 9 on withdrawal of cases, 5 died, 6 fled and 141 pending trial.

N. B.—The result of the cases pending from last year has not been shown in this Statement.

V.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Tippera State	Rs 12,715-4-9	Rs 15,909-12-6	Rs 4,218-5-3	Rs 7,031-8-3	33'1	44'19	

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

Description of offences.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES.			NUMBER OF PERSONS SENTENCED.												TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.												Remarks.				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Imprisonment and fine.				14	15	16	17	18	19	20	TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.											
										Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.								Whipping.	Capital punishment.	Total.	Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Under one month.		From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Persons awaiting trial.
Class I. Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice &c.	14	19	33	44	28	5	62	214	0	1	0	0	9	0	0	10	35	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	a Four persons released on bail.
Class II. Offences against person.	5	8	13	31	11	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	b One person escaped for life.
Class III. Offences against property.	133	603	736	647	554	182	726	209	1	44	0	11	153	0	0	209	329	0	7	23	5	6	22	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	176	c The case in connection with 1 person transferred.
Class IV. Other offences.	18	91	109	104	82	27	107	34	0	5	0	4	25	0	0	34	51	0	0	2	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	d Two persons released on bail.
Total cognizable	192	788	980	888	741	239	1039	292	1	74	0	20	193	0	0	288	473	0	13	28	8	15	33	7	0	1	1	1	1	0	254	e The case in connection with 3 persons escaped.
Total non-cognizable	80	483	572	567	488	84	331	56	1	8	0	1	44	0	0	54	222	0	2	4	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	50	
GRAND TOTAL	281	1271	1552	1455	1229	323	1370	348	2	82	0	21	237	0	0	342	695	0	15	32	10	16	35	7	1	1	1	1	1	0	304	

VII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

Statement showing the number of persons dealt with in the District of ...

Name of Court.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR.		NUMBER OF PERSONS DEALT WITH.								PERSONS DISPOSED OF.						REMARKS.
			Remain- ing at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1326 T. E.					Total.		Dis- charged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Com- mitted or referred.	Died, escaped, or transferred &c.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.	
	Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.		On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in pre- sence of the Magis- trate.	Last year.	Present year.									
									Last year.	Present year.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Sadar Magistracy	443	477	119	103	98	102	3	0	415	425	146	63	126	2	2	86	
Sonamura " ...	219	162	10	53	31	62	23	0	315	179	47	54	48	5	6	19	
Bilonia " ...	224	153	28	57	7	17	39	0	294	148	34	37	54	0	2	21	
Kailashahar " ...	202	190	43	47	56	73	12	4	232	235	61	39	44	2	10	79	
Khowai " ...	66	45	8	27	0	15	1	0	87	51	12	14	13	0	0	12	
Dharmanagar " ...	119	130	20	35	44	29	22	0	152	150	38	33	11	3	1	64	
Udaipur " ...	93	71	16	36	12	26	20	2	108	112	37	32	22	0	0	21	
Sabrum " ...	39	35	2	21	10	8	1	1	65	43	9	8	22	1	2	1	
Amarpur " ...	15	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	9	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	
Kalyanpur " ...	23	5	10	3	0	7	1	0	21	21	11	8	1	0	0	1	
TOTAL ...	1,443	1,271	256	382	260	339	122	7	1,698	*1,366	396	289	341	†13	23	304	

* 13 persons were committed to the District Jail, and 1 person was committed to

* Excluding 4 persons pending before the Court of Sessions at the close of the previous year.

† Including 4 persons pending from last year, the total number of persons for trial before the Court of Sessions was 17; of these 7 were convicted, 6 discharged without trial and 4 acquitted.

VIII.

Statement of Criminal cases in which British Subjects were concerned for 1328 T.E.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	CASES IN WHICH DEFENDANTS WERE BRITISH SUBJECTS.																			REMARKS.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
	Cases pending since the previous year		Cases instituted during the year		Total number of cases.		Cases in which complainants were British subjects.		Cases in which both parties were British subjects		Cases pending since the previous year		Cases instituted during the year		Total number of cases		Cases disposed of Rejected, Compromised or Dismissed without enquiry.	Tried.	Cases pending at the close of the year.		Persons under trial at the close of the previous year.	Persons brought to trial during the year.	Total number of persons under trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted or Discharged	Died, or Escaped &c.	Under trial at the close of the year																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																										
Class I Offences against the State &c.	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable				non cognizable								...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable	non cognizable	...	cognizable

IX.

Statement of Extradition Cases for 1928 T.E.

Names of Courts.	Nature of cases.	Number of persons against whom warrants were applied for	Number of persons arrested and surrendered.	Number of persons who appeared of their own accord or were subsequently arrested within this territory.	Number at large at the close of the year.	Result.		Pending trial at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
						Convicted.	Acquitted or Discharged.		
Sadar Magistracy	Theft of cattle	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	<p>^a The accused at first appeared voluntarily; but on subsequent non-appearance had to be arrested through British police.</p> <p>^b The other two accused died before conviction.</p> <p>^c The other accused escaped from jail.</p> <p>^d The accused charged in three different cases.</p>
	Theft	1	1 ^a	0	0	1	0	0	
	Theft	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Causing grievous hurt	3	3	0	0	3	0	0	
	Causing grievous hurt and rioting	5	1	0	1	1	0	2 ^b	
	Kidnapping	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	
	Kidnapping	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
	Theft of sal trees	4	0	2	1	0	0	2 ^c	
	Theft of sal trees	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	3 ^d	3	1	0	1	0	0	
	Theft of forest produce and escape from lawful custody	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Theft of forest produce	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	
	Theft of forest produce	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Theft of forest produce	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	
	Theft	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
	Kidnapping	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Criminal trespass by night and kidnapping a married woman with criminal intent	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Attempt at murder	1	4	0	1	0	0	0	
	Theft	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	
	Theft	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	
	Escape from lawful custody	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	
	Dishonestly receiving stolen property	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	
	Theft of cattle	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Theft of cattle	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Theft of cattle	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Theft of cattle	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Theft of cattle	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
	Theft of cattle	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	
Total		42	18	12	12	16	5	6	

X.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T. E.

Statement showing the results of applications.

TRIBUNALS.	Number of applications.	NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CASES.																REMARKS.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, &c. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
K has Adalat ...	155	7	5	80	71	46	22	51	40	1	1	—	—	9	9	11	7	

XI.

Civil Work.—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1328 T. E.

TRIBUNAL.	SUITS FILED DURING PRESENT YEAR.										SUITS DISPOSED OF DURING PRESENT YEAR.															
	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value.															
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Suits re landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	Suits not estimable in money.	
Khas Adalat Original side	10	21	21	12	31	33	10	16	21	17	Rs. a. p. 25,925-13-6	3	3	6	0	3	0	4	1	1	11	1	3	Rs. a. p. 7,351-4-6	0-5-19	4
	398	371	784	719	1,182	1,080	811	766	371	324	43,985-11-6	358	295	66	495	122	8	0	0	366	121	173	106	36,979-13-6	0-3-4	94
	70	47	237	284	307	331	260	274	47	57	14,906-9-3	139	128	17	204	44	1	0	156	31	39	48	15,891-7-9	0-4-27	36	
	33	34	92	118	125	152	91	115	34	37	7,938-8-0	66	39	13	92	12	2	0	54	8	22	31	5,001-7-9	0-5-28	12	
	48	71	205	269	253	340	182	212	71	128	16,851-2-0	43	203	23	188	42	1	0	67	49	45	51	10,845-1-9	0-2-14	35	
	11	10	71	53	82	63	72	43	10	20	3,344-15-0	5	34	14	39	6	1	0	11	0	11	21	1,066-7-6	0-1-2	7	
	59	83	153	127	212	210	129	129	83	81	8,641-10-3	3	60	64	85	17	1	1	25	37	25	42	9,577-0-3	0-3-9	23	
	66	66	202	172	268	238	202	191	66	47	11,786-4-3	4	149	19	121	32	2	0	0	50	62	37	42	14,004-5-6	0-3-14	17
	3	1	7	15	10	16	9	12	1	4	1,001-0-0	1	12	2	8	5	0	0	0	1	2	2	7	855-2-0	0-3-16	2
	1	2	4	3	5	5	3	2	2	3	292-0-0	0	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	279-8-9	0-2-3	0
Total	700	708	1,786	1,779	2,486	2,487	1,779	1,766	706	732	Rs. 1,34,307-5-9	622	933	224	1240	285	16	5	1	731	321	360	353	1,01,972-6-9	0-3-10	232

XII.

Civil Work.—Results of applications for Execution of Decrees, 1328 T.E.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of the year.			REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
Khas Adalat (Original side)	3	3	3,201-3-9	3	5	12,687-11-3	6	8	15,888-15-0	3	3	6,649-2-0	3	5	9,239-13-0	1	2	2	
Sadar Dewani Adalat	191	238	14,978-15-3	306	294	29,481-8-3	497	532	44,460-7-6	259	321	24,358-10-9	238	211	20,101-12-9	93	73	45	
Sonamura Ditto	19	31	4,150-14-0	82	94	8,678-11-0	101	125	12,829-9-0	70	79	8,007-8-0	31	46	4,822-1-0	34	7	5	
Bilonia Ditto	7	11	1,119-15-3	25	39	2,302-15-3	32	50	3,422-14-6	21	39	2,649-3-9	11	11	773-10-9	8	2	1	
Kailashahar Ditto	34	40	7,251-2-6	81	99	13,037-10-9	115	139	20,288-13-3	75	74	10,354-3-9	40	65	9,334-9-6	36	17	12	
Khowai Ditto	3	3	524-3-3	16	7	903-4-0	19	10	1,427-7-3	16	7	871-3-9	3	3	556-3-6	2	1	0	
Dharmanagar Ditto	41	38	5,815-1-0	39	49	5,080-6-3	80	87	10,895-7-3	42	34	3,319-7-6	38	53	7,575-15-9	22	13	18	
Udaipur Ditto	22	75	10,006-15-9	124	102	10,228-9-0	146	177	20,235-8-9	71	136	15,026-4-9	75	41	5,209-4-0	18	16	7	
Sabrum Ditto	2	1	153-6-3	2	2	62-6-3	4	3	215-12-6	3	3	215-12-6	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Amarpur Ditto	1	0	0	0	2	112-4-3	1	2	112-4-3	1	2	112-4-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Kalyanpur Ditto	1	2	62-5-6	5	2	288-13-3	6	4	351-2-9	4	3	301-12-0	2	1	49-6-9	1	0	0	
Total	324	442	47,264-2-6	683	695	82,864-3-6	1,007	1,137	1,30,128-6-0	565	701	71,865-9-0	442	436	58,262-13-0	215	131	90	

XIV.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jails and lock-ups in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

Stations.	Number of prisons.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS.				DAILY AVERAGE.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period in days of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.				
				Past year.	Present year.						
Agartala	1	67	175	248	242	60.62	53.7	41	Rs. 6,821	87.9	3 convicts died of influenza. One hajati died.
Sonamura	1	8	72	122	80	6.2	4.8	2	579	25.53	
Bilania	1	—	31	83	31	1.38	.53	1	156	6.5	
Kailashahar	1	1	67	86	68	5.24	3.18	3	333	12.78	
Khowai	1	1	4	32	5	1.41	.16	1	100	15	
Dharmanagar	1	—	32	67	32	2.5	2.95	—	319	36.96	
Udaipur	1	2	33	38	35	2.23	1.42	1	193	14.19	
Sabrum	1	6	29	40	35	2.11	1.68	—	251	28.13	
Kalyanpur	1	—	1	17	1	.96	.01	—	—	—	
Amarpur	1	—	—	5	—	.1	—	—	—	—	
TOTAL ...	10	85	444	738	529	82.75	68.23	49	8,752	22.69	

XV.

Registration of documents in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		NATURE OF DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registration has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered at the end of the year.		REMARKS.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Tippera State	6,749	5,764	1,926	1,442	2,887	2,695	2	2	330	220	1,604	1,405	6,644	5,626	Ri. 8,34,023*	Ri. 4,67,718	66	82	39	56	*The figure 9,50,775 of last year was incorrect.

XVI.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1328 T.E.

Description.	PAST YEAR.			PRESENT YEAR.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Mortgages	1,926	1,55,546	1,296	1,442	1,47,556	1,291	
Sale deeds	2,887	3,55,215	2,240	2,695	3,24,175	2,733	
Wills	2	--	10	2	--	10	
Money bonds	330	24,784	302	220	18,159	194	
Miscellaneous	1,604	3,09,429	1,913	1,405	1,52,953	1,633	
Total ...	6,749	8,44,974	5,761	5,764	6,42,843	5,861	
Total Expenditure ...	--	--	2,895	--	--	2,895	
Net Income ...	--	--	2,868	--	--	2,966	

XVII.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

Receipts and expenditure of the year 1911-12

NAME.	Opening balance.	RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.						Total in the current year.	EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		Balance at the close of the year.	REMARKS.
		Past.	Present.				Total.		Past.	Present.		
			State grant.	Tax.	Miscellaneous.	Total.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.		
Agartala Municipality.	1,051-3-6	13,595-1-6	7,934-2-9 ^a	3,600-2-3	1,762-3-0 ^b	13,296-8-0	14,347-11-6	12,543-14-0	11,759-10-9	2,588-0-9	^a Including Rs. 434-2-8 as specific State grant. ^b Including Rs. 450 as deposits and advances. ^c Including Rs. 450 as deposits and advances paid.	

XVIII.

Statement of rainfall in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

STATE.	Baisak.	Jaisth.	Asar.	Shavan.	Bhadra.	Asvin.	Kartik.	Agrahayan.	Pous.	Magh.	Falagoon.	Chait.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past 5 years.	REMARKS.
Tippera State ...	13'81	20'33	18'18	13'94	14'82	9'32	'02	'15	0	'12	'33	2'61	93'83	77'04	94'56	

XIX.

Statement as to the prices of staple food-grains for the year 1328 T.E.

Article.	During Chait (past year).			During Chait (present year).			REMARKS.
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
(1) RICE							
Maximum	6	8	0	8	0	0	
Minimum	1	8	0	2	8	0	
(2) PADDY							
Maximum	3	8	0	4	0	0	
Minimum	0	12	0	1	12	0	

XX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1328 T.E.

Description of work.	STATE FUNDS.			LOCAL FUNDS.			Total.	REMARKS.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Tanks in different parts of the State	2,173	124	2,297	—	—	—	2,297	(a) In addition to this the following payments were made for works executed in the previous year.
Roads and bridges	2,755	14,263	17,018	—	3	3	17,021	
Buildings	21,007	30,356	51,363	2,708	—	2,708	54,071	
Miscellaneous works	5,768	1,026	6,794	277	—	277	7,071	
Total	31,703	45,769	77,472	2,985	3	2,988	80,460	
Minor works at the Rajbari Establishment charges ...	919	7,581	8,500	—	—	—	8,500	<div> <div>Rs.</div> <div>Roads and Bridges } Original works 1,075</div> <div>Repair works 730</div> <div>Building } Original works 8,458</div> <div>Repair works 3,132</div> <div>Miscellaneous } Original works 1,148</div> <div>Total ... 14,543</div> </div>
GRAND TOTAL	32,622	53,350	93,578	2,985	3	2,988	96,566(a)	

XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

Name of State.	COUNTRY SPIRIT.		COUNTRY SPIRIT, OPUM AND GANJA.		GANJA AND OPUM.		TARL.		TOTAL.		REMARKS.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Tippera State	1	Rs. 560	22	Rs. 22,281	—	Rs. —	—	Rs. —	23	Rs. 22,841	

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Tippera State during the year 1328 T.E.

Statement of Medical Results of the

DISPENSARY.	NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED. (new)		RESULTS OF IN-DOOR PATIENTS. (new)					Expenditure.	DAILY AVERAGE. (old + new)			No. OF SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.			No. OF PERSONS VACCINATED DURING THE YEAR.			REMARKS.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.	Outdoor.		Indoor.	Total.	Major.	Minor.	Total.	Successfully.	Unsuccessfully.	Total.		
1. Victoria Memorial Hospital at Agartala and the Charitable Dispensary attached to it	13,616	453	305	99	34	15	Rs. 19,270	78-37	14-47	92-84	17	143	160	797	201	998	*This figure shows the actual number of outdoor patients treated, the total outdoor attendance during the year being 1,56,375 against 1,28,394 in the previous year. †No. vaccination was done on account of influenza.	
2. Palace Dispensary *	7,645	0	0	0	0	0	48,633	59-73	0	59-73	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3. Homoeopathic	8,163	0	0	0	0	0	1,791	49-2	0	49-2	0	0	0	726	219	945		
4. Old Agartala	7,724	0	0	0	0	0	1,363	36-84	0	36-84	0	0	0	436	61	497		
5. Bishalgar	4,747	0	0	0	0	0	627	17-43	0	17-43	0	15	15	292	26	318		
6. Sonamura	6,142	4	4	0	0	1	1,205	18-18	12	18-3	3	54	57	482	1	483		
7. Udaipur	535	3	0	3	0	0	930	17-86	01	17-87	0	129	129	482	1	483		
8. Amarpur	1,520	0	0	0	0	0	572	4-16	0	4-16	0	17	17	220	5	225		
9. Bilonia	5,264	0	0	0	0	0	911	25-79	0	25-79	0	74	74	291	2	293		
10. Loongthung	1,988	0	0	0	0	0	752	9-59	0	9-59	0	17	17	229	8	237		
11. Sabroom	3,889	0	0	0	0	0	824	11-94	0	11-94	0	27	27	126	10	136		
12. Khowai	4,409	1	0	1	0	0	930	15-14	01	15-15	0	88	88	245	119	364		
13. Kalyanpur	568	0	0	0	0	0	471	3-06	0	3-06	0	0	0	330	28	358		
14. Kailashahar	10,680	3	2	1	0	0	2,267	48-16	04	48-2	3	91	94	70	0	0		
15. Kamalpur	2,113	0	0	0	0	0	496	8-17	0	8-17	0	5	5	44	5	49		
16. Dharmanagar	4,812	14	9	2	2	1	978	23-45	37	23-81	0	98	98	327	77	404		
Total	88,633*	478	320	106	36	16	82,020	427-07	15-01	442-08	23	758	781	4,545	752	5,307		

XXIII.

Vital statistics of the Tippera State for the year 1328 T.E.

STATE.	Population.	BIRTHS.				DEATHS.				RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION.				REMARKS.
		BIRTHS.		Increase.	Decrease.	DEATHS.		Increase.	Decrease.	BIRTHS.		DEATHS.		
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Tippera State ...	2,29,613	2,138	1,794	—	344	1,759	5,668	3,909	—	9'31	7'81	7'66	24'68	

XXIV.

Education Return (A)—Particulars as to the schools maintained during the year 1328 T.E.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS.		Description of Schools.	NUMBER OF PUPILS ON THE ROLLS ON THE LAST DAY OF CHAIT.		DAILY AVERAGE ATTENDANCE.		REMARKS.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
4	5*	High English Schools	855	925	595'8	687'74	♦ Including 2 feeder schools, one at Sonamura and the other at Dharmanagar.
4	4	Middle English Schools for boys ..	465	418	334'03	297'83	
1	1	Middle English School for girls ...	82	75	56'4	46'8	
2	1	Higher Vernacular School for boys	126	59	100'88	40'	
22	23	Lower Vernacular Schools for boys†	1,250	1,183	990'53	796'2	
89	92	Pathsalas for boys†	2,238	2,121	1,640'89	1,503'3	† In some of these schools boys and girls read together.
10	11	Do for girls	182	202	123'97	129'23	
		<i>Special Schools :—</i>					
2	1	Madrassa	90	47	59'55	31'91	
2	1	Sanskrit Tol	28	8	22'65	5'18	
1	1	Woodburn Artisan School ...	20	16	7'23	4'86	
TOTAL 137	140		5,336	5,054	3,932'93	3,543'05	

XXV.

Education Return (B) Race of Students, 1328 T. E.

Education Return (D) Race of Students.																		Average daily attendance.		Remarks.
Names of Divisions.	No. of Schools.			No. of Students.			Race.													
	For boys.	For girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Thakurs.	Manipuris.	Tripuras.	Reangs.	Kukis.	Bengalee.			Others.	Boys.	Girls.			
												Hindus.	Musalmans.	Christians.						
1. Sadar Division	51	2	53	1,643	105	1,748	136	310	193	3	0	681	406	3	16	1,191	31	64'06		
2. Kailashahar "	11	4	15	743	100	843	1	335	3	0	1	346	157	0	0	504	83	63'29		
3. Sonamura "	19	1	20	689	29	718	0	0	25	0	0	162	531	0	0	514	43	22'18		
4. Bilonia "	10	1	11	517	23	540	0	0	0	15	0	340	185	0	0	351	5	14'07		
5. Khowai "	5	1	6	137	14	151	0	27	49	0	0	47	12	0	16	104	96	8'89		
6. Dharmanagar "	14	1	15	619	26	645	0	170	4	0	0	332	139	0	0	493	54	14'99		
7. Udaipur "	3	2	5	181	33	214	4	0	0	1	0	95	114	0	0	117	48	20'39		
8. Sabrum "	8	0	8	92	8	100	0	0	21	0	0	48	19	0	12	69	79	5'8		
9. Amarpur Sub-division	6	0	6	53	0	53	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	51	52	68	0		
10. Kalyanpur "	1	0	1	42	0	42	0	28	13	0	0	1	0	0	0	18	86	0		
TOTAL	128	12	140	4,716	338	5,054	141	870	309	19	1	2,053	1,563	3	95	3,329	38	213'67		

